

Access to immediate breast reconstruction during breast cancer treatment: A population-based study

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BACKGROUND

- There has been an **effort to increase access to immediate breast reconstruction (IBR)** for breast cancer (BC) in Ontario, Canada over the past decade.
- Despite this, **patients from equity-deserving groups** such as those who are racialized, living in rural areas, or from a low socioeconomic status are less likely to receive IBR.

OBJECTIVE

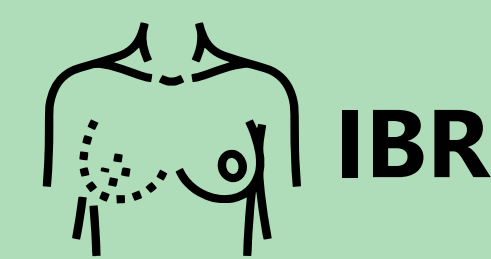
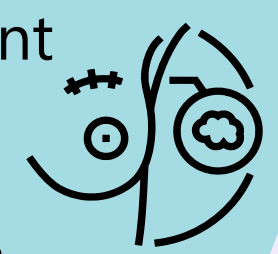
To explore **temporal trends, regional variations, & socioeconomic variables** among patients with BC undergoing mastectomy with or without IBR in Ontario.

METHODS



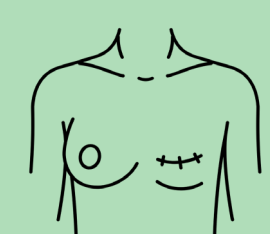
Ontario population data (IC/ES)
n= 34,126

Identified **21,933 patients with BC** who underwent mastectomy
(Jan 2018 – July 2023)



IBR

- Monthly IBR rate
- Odds of receiving IBR analyzed via multivariable logistic regression (adjusted for region + SES)



Mastectomy Only

RESULTS

Sociodemographic Characteristics	IBR	Mastectomy Only	Interpretation
	26.3% (n=5,758)	73.7% (n=16,175)	1 in 4 patients received IBR
Mean Age (years)	52.75 ± 11.96	63.64 ± 13.96	Patients undergoing IBR were significantly younger (p<.001)
Rural Residence	6.8%	11.7%	Patients living in rural areas were <i>less likely</i> to receive IBR (p<.001)
Time Since Immigration	≤5 yrs: 2.2% >10 yrs: 16.6%	≤5 yrs: 1.8% >10 yrs: 15.2%	No significant difference by time since immigration
Material Deprivation	Q1: 30.0% Q5: 12.5%	Q1: 20.6% Q5: 18.0%	IBR more common in wealthier (Q1) groups (p<.001)
Region	High: Toronto 25.3% Low: North West 1.2%	Toronto: 15.8% North West: 1.5%	Wide regional variation (p<.001)

Figure 1. Ontario Health (OH) regions

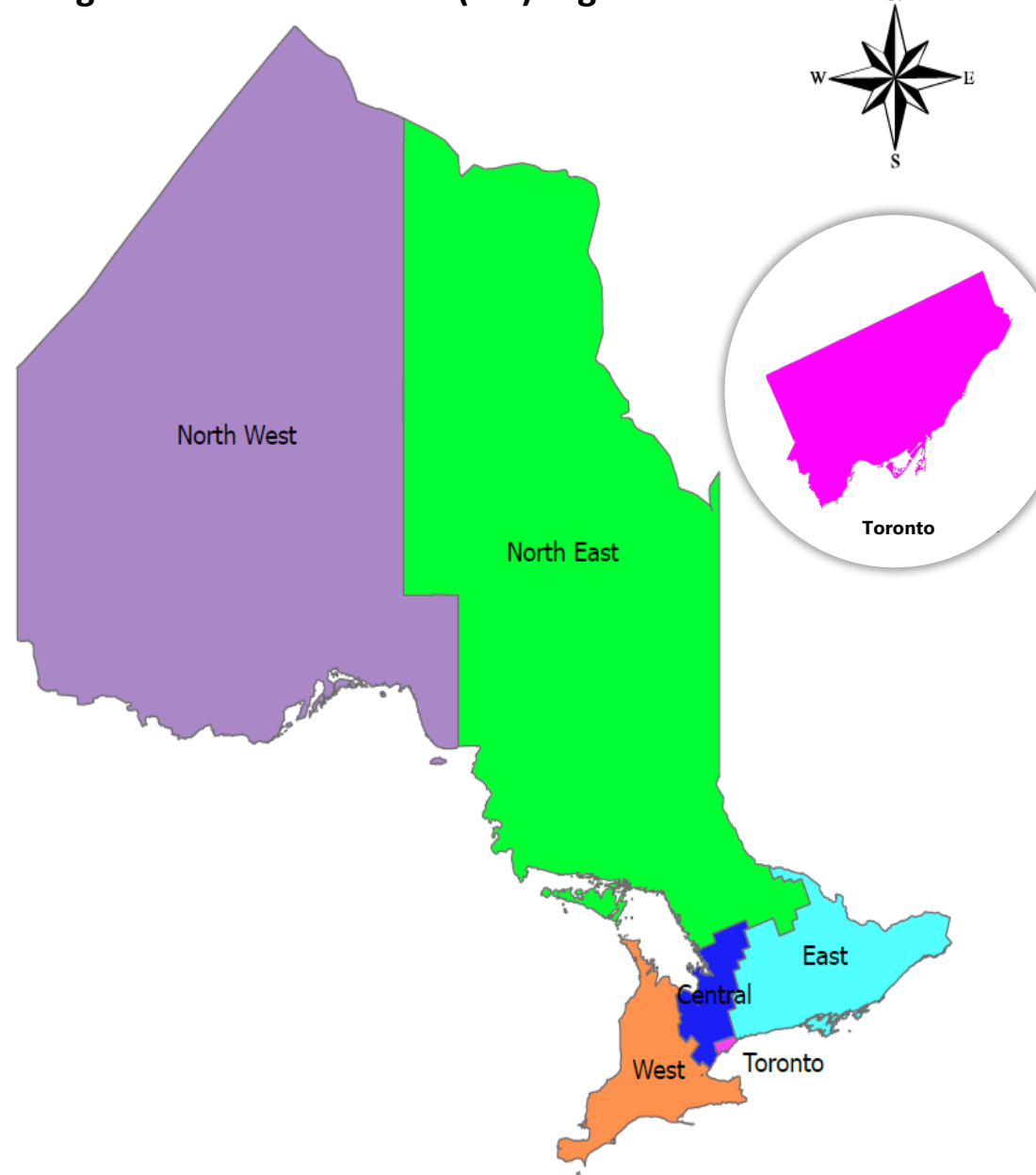
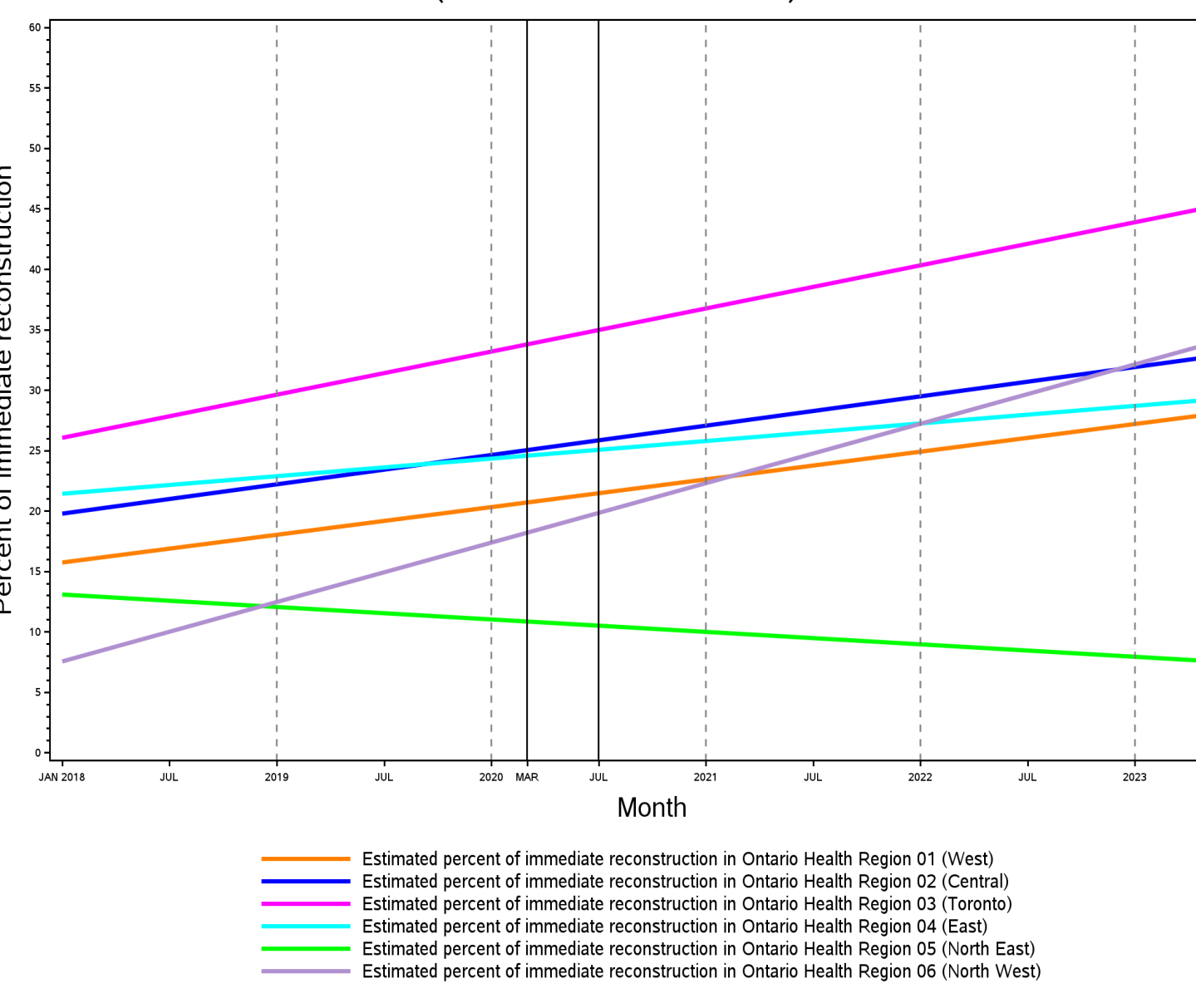


Figure 2 - Percent of immediate reconstruction in cancer related mastectomies per month (JAN 01 2018 - JUL 30 2023)



Factors associated with IBR

- Older patients were less likely to undergo IBR**
aOR 0.52 (95% CI: 0.51–0.54)
- Toronto had the highest rate of IBR**
aOR 0.22 (95% CI 0.18 – 0.28)
- Immigrants were less likely to undergo IBR**
aOR 0.70 (95% CI 0.65 -0.77)
- Patients in wealthier areas were more likely to undergo IBR**
aOR 2.16 (1.94–2.42)
- Patients who received neoadjuvant chemo were less likely to undergo IBR**
aOR 0.54 (0.50–0.58)
- Patients with frequent hospital visits (non cancer related) were less likely to undergo IBR**
aOR 0.42 (0.32–0.56)

CONCLUSION

Despite universal healthcare, access to immediate breast reconstruction in Ontario remains inequitable, with significant disparities based on **region, income level, and immigration status.**



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